John W. Lowell

Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

By JOHN FENNO, No. 119 Chesnut Street.

NUMBER 1618.] PHILADELPHIA: WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 15, 1797. [VOLUME XII.

SALES BY AUCTION.

Stated Sales
For DRY GOODS.

Monday
Forenoon—Edward Fox, No. 56, south Front-street,
Afternoon—Footman & Co. No. 65 South Front-street.

Tuesday
Forenoon—John Connelly, Old City Auction, No. 73 south Front-street.
Afternoon—William Shannon, No. 183 High-street.

Wednesday Afternoon—Peter Benson, No. 74 south Third-street.

Thursday
Forenoon—Edward Fox.
Afternoon—John Connelly.

Friday
Forenoon—William Shannon.
Afternoon—John Connelly.

Saturday Afternoon—Peter Benson.

Sales of Lumber, &c.

WILL BE SOLD,
On WEDNESDAY, the 22d inst. precisely at 9 o'clock in the morning,
At C. EMLEN'S *Lumber Yard,*
In the Northern Liberties, near the Hay Scales,
All the Personal Property there
remaining belonging to the estate of Caleb Emlen, deceased, consisting of the following valuable articles, viz.

Several hundred of White Pine, Hemlock and Oak Logs, to be sold in lots of about three thousand feet each.

To be cut up in convenient Lots:
1 1-2, 2, 2 1-2, and 3 inch Oak Planks assorted, most of which are of the best stuff for the use and building of ships
2, and 2 1-2 inch White Pine Planks for quarter Decks
1 1-2 to 4 inch Ash Planks
Hemlock Scantling assorted
Six pieces Hemlock 30 feet in length, and 2 pieces 27 feet
White Pine Scantling, Maple Scantling
Maple Boards, Quarter Rails
Spinning Weel Stuff, Whale Pieces 40 feet long
A valuable assortment of White Oak Flitch Stuff.
And several separate parcels of old Plank, &c.

ALSO,

Two large copper Stills, with
Worms, Heads, &c.
A good sorrel Horse—an old Chaise and Sulkey
A large Spinning Wheel and Reel
A number of still house Jars, two log Trucks, a cutting Box and Knife, a large Feed Box, a small Anchor, a Scale with Beam, and a number of 56lb. Weights, a good Mill Saw, a writing Desk with sundry articles in Compting-house, two pair of good Pistols, a parcel of old Iron, Cables, Ropes, &c. *Likewise,*
The wheel works of a Horse
Saw Mill, complete and in good order.

Such persons as may be desirous of purchasing any part thereof, are at liberty to view them on the premises, where a man will constantly attend every day previous to the sale. Carpenters, Lumber-Merchants, Builders, &c. may have a favorable opportunity of purchasing Lumber, &c. to more advantage at this sale than elsewhere, which no doubt will command their attention.

Purchasers to a larger amount than one hundred dollars may be accommodated with sixty days credit on approved indorsed notes.

Sold by Order of
JAMES VAUX, and
CHARLES PLEASANTS,
Attorneys in fact to MARY EMLEN, *sole Executrix.*
Footman & Co. *Auct'rs.*
november 13. eo3t d3t

UNITED STATES, *Pennsylvania District,* } *ss.*

IN pursuance of a writ to me directed from the honorable RICHARD PETERS, Esq. Judge of the District Court of the United States in and for the Pennsylvania District, will be exposed to *PUBLIC SALE*, at the Custom-house, in the city of Philadelphia, on Friday, the 17th inst. at 12 o'clock at noon,

2 hampers of Earthen Ware
1 box of Indigo
1 box of Merchandize
1 half barrel do.
20 bags of Coffee
1 barrel of Salt Petre
2 barrels, 1 keg, 1 trunk } of Linens
1 barrel of Sugar
1 bag of Pepper, and
Part of 3 bags of Sugar

The same having been libelled against, prosecuted and condemned as forfeited, in the said Court.

WILLIAM NICHOLS,
Marshal.

Marshal's Office, 2d November, 1797. } dtS

UNITED STATES, *Pennsylvania District,* } *ss.*

IN pursuance of a writ to me directed from the honorable RICHARD PETERS, Esq. Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Pennsylvania District, will be exposed to *PUBLIC SALE*, at the Custom-house in the city of Philadelphia, on Friday, the 17th inst. at 12 o'clock, at noon,

354 Silver Watches
30 gold Watches
500 Watch Keys

The same having been libelled against, prosecuted and condemned as forfeited, in the said Court.

WILLIAM NICHOLS,
Marshal.

Marshal's Office, 2d November, 1797. } dtS

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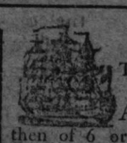
15 Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY from the Subscriber, on the 29th inst. an apprentice Lad, named JOSEPH BARNET, by trade a paper-maker; about 19 years of age, five feet seven or eight inches high, of a light complexion, ties his hair. Had on, and took with him, a castor hat, half worn, one brown mixture cloth coatee, new, one light do. half worn, one striped velvet waistcoat, with blue cloth backs, one do. with fustian backs, and sundry other thin clothes. It is probable he will change his clothes, as he took a number with him.

Any person apprehending said apprentice, and securing him so that I can get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home.

PETER BECHTEL.

Lower Merion township,
Montgomery county.
October 30. N 1.—1aw 3w.



Wanted to Charter,
To one port in Hispaniola and back again.
A fast sailing Vessel, of the burthen of 6 or 700 barrels. For terms, apply to BENJAMIN MORGAN, No. 170, South Front street, or to *ROBERT ANDREWS,*
No. 86, South Wharves.
november 10. 6

PHILIP NICKLIN & Co.
HAVE FOR SALE,
At their STORES on Walnut street Wharf,
Havannah Sugars, white and brown
25 hhds. Jamaica do.
3000 pieces of broad Nankeens
Imperial Tea, in quarters and eighths of chests
Quicksilver in tubs
Madeira Wine in pipes and hogsheads
Teneriffe Wine in pipes
Old red Port Wine in hogsheads
Sail Canvass, assorted, No. 1 to 8
8 cases of Manchester Goods, consisting of Dimities, Muslinets, Ginghams, Thicksetts, Corduroys, &c.
200 crates Queens' Ware, assorted
Nails, assorted
Black quart Bottles
Yellow Ocre in casks
A quantity of writing Slates, slate Ink Stands, &c.
100 quarter casks Gun Powder
They have also for SALE or CHARTER,
The Ship
HAMBURG PACKET,
Burthen 320 tons, coppered to the bends, and completely fitted.
The ship MOLLY, burthen 340 tons, a good vessel, and completely fitted.
The brig AMAZON, burthen 1300 barrels, may be ready for sea in a few days.
The whole of the above vessels to be seen at Walnut street Wharf. § *nov* 10.

For Sale or Charter;

The Snow
GOOD HOPE,
Will carry about 1200 barrels, and is ready to take in a cargo. For terms apply to
Pragers & Co.
No. 151, South Second-street.
Who have for sale—prime St. Croix Sugar and Rum, Madeira, Lisbon, and Teneriffe wine.
November 7. dtf.

For Hamburgh,

The Ship
WILMINGTON,
Captain Hilman;
A Staunch, fast sailing, Philadelphia built vessel, of live oak and cedar, is now in complete order, and will sail with all possible speed, having great part of her cargo already engaged. For freight or passage (having excellent accommodations) apply to the captain on board, or to
Summerl & Brown.
Who have on hand,
Gonaives Cotton, Sugar, Molasses, and a few thousand weight of excellent Cordage, including several Cables of 8½ & 11 inches.
november 3. tuth&stf

For London,

THE SHIP
WILLIAM PENN,
James Josiah, *Master,*
WILL sail with all convenient expedition ——For Freight or Passage, apply to the Captain, or to
Jesse & Robert Waln.
Oct. 31. §

For London,

THE SHIP
JEAN,
Daniel M'Pherson, *Master.*
TO sail with all convenient speed—a considerable part of her cargo being already engaged.
For terms of Freight or Passage, apply to
Ross & Simson.
Oct. 27. §

Port and Madeira Wine,
Now Landing,
By ship Edward, from Madeira, and Betsey and Peggy, from Oporto, in Pipes and Hogsheads,
For sale by
PETER BLIGHT.
WHO ALSO OFFERS FOR SALE,

The Ship
AMITY,
Four thousand barrels burthen, in excellent order—ready to take in a cargo—about three years old.
LIKEWISE,
The Schooner INDUSTRY,
Burthen 800 barrels, ready also to receive a cargo—and a quantity of
Jamaica Rum and Sugars,
Just landed from the above vessels at South street wharf. eotm. Nov. 1.

For Charter,

THE SHIP
John Bulkley,
Samuel Volans, *Master.*
THIS vessel is built of live oak and cedar, of about 3000 barrels burthen, and ready to receive on board a cargo.
Jesse & Robert Waln.
Oct. 31. §

For Freight or Charter,

THE GOOD BRIG
SUKEY,
Isaac Vredenburg, Master;
NOW lying at Clifford's wharf, and in compleat order to receive a cargo. For terms please to apply the Captain on board, or
John Skyrin,
No. 81, Arch-street.
WHO HAS FOR SALE,
2000 wt. of double refined Saltpetre
600 wt. of F F Gun Powder
300 barrels of Herrings
50 bushels of Timothy Seed
150 cases of Claret, first quality
And a quantity of Sherry Wine.
Sept. 29. dtf

Five years old Madeira Wine,
OF the very first quality, in pipes, hhds. and quarter casks, just landed from the ship Edward, from Madeira, and for sale by
JOHN CRAIG,
No. 12, Dock-street.

WHO HAS FOR CHARTER,
The Brigantine
CHARLOTTE,
Burthen about 1200 barrels, just hove down and put in complete order, and now ready to receive a cargo.
Also, For SALE or CHARTER,
The Ship

JOSEPHUS,
Burthen about 1800 barrels.
november 6. 2awtf.

For Liverpool,

The Ship
CLOTHIER,
Nathaniel D. Gardner, *master,*
WILL sail about the 15th inst. For freight or passage apply to the Captain, at Vanuxem's wharf, or to
JAMES OLDDEN,
nov. 3. dtf No. 41, N. Front-street.

For Sale by the Subscribers,
Prime Rice in whole and half tierces
Bourdeaux Brandy
Teneriffe Wine
Molasses
Georgia and Carolina Indigo
Ravens Duck and one hogshead of paint brushes.
N. & J. Frazer.
No. 95, South Front Street.
Nov. 7. dtm

Drawing & Painting Academy,
No. 63 Walnut-street.
JAMES COX,
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the generous public, that his academy opens this day, November the 6th.

Hours of tuition for ladies, from 2 till 4 in the afternoon, and in the evening from 6 till 8 for gentlemen.

J. Cox has added to his collection of copies a variety of fine views, &c. drawn from nature during his absence from the city:

All kinds of colours prepared, and every article used in the different branches of drawing and painting, sold on reasonable terms.

Terms of Tuition, *Six Dollars and a half* per quarter.

A morning class for grown ladies, frrom 11 till 12 o'clock. d3t *nov.* 6.

James & Richard Smith,
TAKE the liberty of informing their friends and the public, that they have removed their store to No. 54, *South Front street*, next door to Edward Fox's Auction Room, where they have at this time for sale, a large and general assortment of
European & East India Goods,
Many of which are just imported in the Clothier, William Penn, &c. &c.
Oct. 27. §

St. Croix Sugar & Rum,
For Sale by
JOHN NIXON & Co.
Oct. 26. d2w.

Samuel Pleasants & Sons,
No. 74, South Second-street,
HAVE received a supply of Seasonable GOODS, which they are now opening for sale, on reasonable terms. Oct 27—4w

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Philadelphia, Oct. 24th, 1797.

ALL persons desirous to contract to furnish Rations and Quarter Master's Stores, during the year 1798, for the troops in Philadelphia, Fort Mifflin, on Mud Island, Carlisle and Reading, or any of them, are desired to deliver their proposals, under a sealed cover, on or before the 20th November next, to

TENCH FRANCIS, *Purveyor.*

The Rations to consist of
1 pound Flour or Bread
1 pound Beef, or 3 4 of a pound of Pork
½ gill Rum, Brandy or Whiskey
1 lb. Candles
2 lb. Soap
2 quarts Vinegar } To every hundred rations
1 quart Salt } & strength

All Persons who are indebted to the estate of WILLIAM HEYSHAM, sen. of Philadelphia, deceased, are requested to make speedy payment; and those who have any demands against said estate, will please to present them, properly attested, to the subscribers.

William Heysham,
Robert Heysham.
Francis Bowes Sayre, } Executors.
november 6. 2aw4w

To be Sold,
A Valuable Plantation,
OF upwards of One Hundred Acres of Land, well watered, in a healthy situation, about seven miles from this City; the buildings may be made to accommodate a large family, at a moderate expense, and possession had in a few weeks. Part of the purchase-money being paid, a reasonable credit will be allowed for the remainder.

Enquire of the Printer.
november 3 mwstf

Wanted, to Hire,
A large and convenient HOUSE, in or near the centre of the city—for which a generous rent will be given; to be taken for a year, or on ase for a longer term. Inquire of the Printer.
Oct. 17. eotf

Imported in the latest arrivals from Amsterdam and Hamburg, and for sale by
B. & J. BOHLEN,

A large assortment of fine French Cambrics,

Platillas	Russia and Dutch sailcloth
Brittannias	Writing, post, and printing paper
Rouanes	Dutch calf skins
Brown Holland	Prime madder
Checks and stripes	Shell'd Barley
Ticklenburgs	Looking glasses
Oznaburgs	Hollow glass ware
White sheetings	Slates
Diaper	Coffee mills
Brown rolls	Brass kettles
Umbrellas	Scythes and straw knives
Hair ribbons	Toys assorted in boxes
Black and white laces	Best Holland Gin in pipes
London particular Madeira Wine	

July 24. m&thtf

The Norfolk Mail STAGE.
THIS Stage starts from the GEORGE Tavern, at the corner of Second and Arch Streets, in Philadelphia, every *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday*, at 3 o'clock, in the morning; arrives at Dover the first day, at Snowhill the second day, at Northampton Court House the third day, and on the morning of the fourth day the passengers find a safe and comfortable packet to convey them to Norfolk.

A packet leaves Norfolk for Northampton ferry, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and the Stage starts from this ferry for Philadelphia, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday; puts up at Snow Hill the first night, at Dover the 2d night, and arrives in Philadelphia in the evening of the third day.

The distance on this route, between Philadelphia and Norfolk, is 30 miles less than on any stage route between those places.

Too much cannot be said in favor of the road, which is most excellent indeed. The proprietors willingly engage to return the whole fare to any passenger, who, after having performed this route, will say that he ever travelled in a stage for the same distance, so good a road in America.

August 11. d1m. eotf.

The Philadelphia, Alsion, and Tuckerton
MAIL STAGE.
THE proprietors beg leave to inform the public, that they have established a Stage between Philadelphia, Alsion, Batsto, Hampton, Speedwell, and Martha Furnace, Wading River slitting mill, and the town of Tuckerton, in New-Jersey, to go once a week, and are provided with good horses, a comfortable carriage, and a careful driver, for the conveyance of the mail, passengers, and goods. The Stage will start every Thursday, at 10 o'clock, A. M. from Mr. Daniel Cooper's Ferry, and lodge that night at Joel Bodine's, at Longacoming; and on on Friday at 6 o'clock, P. M. arrive at Caleb Evans's, interpet, in Tuckerton, distant from the city 54 miles, (from the Atlantic 6, and from the East Grousing Plains 7 miles) where are good accommodations for travellers, and where are commodious and safe passage boats provided to convey passengers to Capt. William Warrington's house, on Tucker's Island, adjoinining the Atlantic, where are good accommodations, and a convenient place to bathe; the sportsman who wishes to regale himself with fowling and fishing, may at this place be highly gratified, there being at almost every season of the year fowl and fish in abundance.—The Stage on its return, starts from the aforesaid C. Evans's in Tuckerton, every Tuesday, at 6 o'clock, A. M. breakfasts at John Bodine's, at Wading River Bridge, lodge that night at Longacoming, and at 1 o'clock, P. M. on Wednesday, arrive at the aforesaid Cooper's Ferry. It is presumed that no route of an equal distance will be less expensive, or furnish the traveller with a greater variety of amusement, as he will not only have a pleasant sail to the atlantic from Tuckerton, but have the curiosity of seeing on the road thither a number of capital furnaces and forges, and one slitting mill, in complete order, and at work; gentlemen, too, who are owners, or factors, of any of the aforesaid iron works, are solicited to encourage and support this stage (by which they can be so well accommodated) the continuance of which will much depend on their aid. The rates of passengers and baggage are as follows: For a passenger from the aforesaid Daniel Cooper's Ferry to Tuckerton, including 14 lb. of baggage, Two Dollars; for way passengers per mile, Four Cents—150 lb. of baggage equal to a passenger. Postage of letters, newspapers, &c. will be agreeably to law.

N. B. The mail crosses from the Old Ferry.

THOMAS WARDLE & Co.
Tuckerton, Sept. 28. Oct. 5.—2awtf

REMOVAL.

Maurice Moynihan,
INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has removed his Store of China, Glass, Queens Ware, and Dry Goods, from No. 81 North Second, to No. 71 North Seventh Street, north east corner of Cherry Alley, where he solicits the favor of his former customers.

N. B. Crates put up with care at the shortest notice.
november 2. dtf

Just Published, and now Selling,
By BENJAMIN DAVIES,
At his BOOK-STORE, No 68, High-Street,
The AMERICAN REPOSITORY
AND
ANNUAL REGISTER for the UNITED STATES
FOR THE YEAR 1798:
Containing complete and correct lists of the Executive, Legislative and Judiciary
DEPARTMENTS OF GOVERNMENT,
And a variety of useful tables, necessary to be known in every State of the Union.
Embellished with two handsome Engravings,
One of which is depictive of a melancholy scene that occurred during the American war.
Oct. 18.

School Books and Stationary.
W. YOUNG,
No. 52, Second-street, corner of Chesnut-street,
HAS now ready for sale, a very large assortment of *English, French, Latin and Greek* SCHOOL BOOKS. *Also*, such elementary books on Science, as are generally read in the academies and colleges throughout the United States.

LATELY PUBLISHED,
Sheridan's Dictionary, the sixth edition, in one large vol. 8vo price 3 dols.
Ditto, large 12 mo. price 1 dol. 75 cts.
Ditto, common, price 1 dol. 50 cts.

All sorts of drawing, packing, printing, and writing Paper; Bookbinder's Boards, Pasteboards, sheathing and blotting Papers; printed Blanks, blank Books, Wax, Wafers, and other articles, of the best quality, used in the counting house, or public office.

☞ Catalogues of a miscellaneous collection of BOOKS, with the price of each affixed, to be had by inquiring as above. Oct. 24.—3aw6w

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All Persons,
INDEBTED to the Estate of JOSEPH JOHNSON, of Germantown, in the county of Philadelphia, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands against said estate, are desired to bring forward their accounts to either of the subscribers.

ELIZABETH JOHNSON,
JOHN JOHNSON, Jun. } Administr's.
JOHN JOHNSON,
Germantown, 10th mo. 27th, 1797.
Oct. 31. eo3t.

A Negro Man.
FOR SALE, the unexpired time (four years) of a stout, healthy, active negro Man. He is by trade a Cooper, was brought up when a boy to the farming business, is a good ploughman, understands the care and management of horses, and is a good driver. He has lately been employed in painting a new house and paints well—he is good tempered, and believed to be very honest, sold partly for want of employ, but more for being addicted to liquor.—For terms apply to No. 12, Dock street, near Spruce street.
Nov 6. tf

FOR SALE,
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS, No. 21, Penn-street,
The Cargo of the Ship Ganges,
John Green, commander, from Bengal,
Consisting of
Baftas, of various qualities & prices

Cossaes	Punjum Cloths
Sanahs	Guzzy do.
Humhums	Charconna Dorea
Blue Cloth	Tanjibs
Chintz and Calicoes	Mulmuls
Mamoodys	Checks
Maharagonges	Patna Hhkfs.
Cinghanis	Mulmul do.
Guzzenas	Bandannoes
Gurrahs	Sisserfoy
Piniascoes	Choppa Romals
Salgatchys	Snoty do.
Coffee Romals	Persians of various colours
Mock Pulicats	

200 tons SUGAR
90,000 lb. PEPPER.
Willings & Francis.

The Piece Goods
Of the Ganges are now open and exposed to sale at that commodious store the north west corner of Market and Fourth streets. *nov.* 10.

LANDING,
From on board the ship Cleopatra, Samuel Newell, commander, from London,
60 tons of the best clean Russia
HEMP.
60 casks of bottled BROWN STOUT.
For Sale by the subscribers, No. 21, Penn-street.
Willings & Francis.
Oct. 31. d

Just arrived,
From Port-au-Prince, and for Sale by the subscribers, No. 21, Penn-street,
612 hogsheads,
82 tierces
523 barrels
646 bags } Prime Coffee
Willings & Francis.
Oct. 28. §

FOR SALE,
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
Madeira Wine, first quality, in pipes
Madeira Wine, New-York quality, in pipes
Lisbon WINE, in pipes
CLOVES and NUTMEGS } of the latest importation, in boxes
Spanish Wool, in Bales, suitable for Hatters.
Willings & Francis,
Penn-street, No. 21.
Nov. 1. w&stf

NOTICE.
The holders of certificates of a loan to the exiled citizens of the State of South Carolina and Georgia, under an act of Congress 23d July, 1781, are informed, that by lodging the same with George Simpson, Cashier of the Bank of the United States, they will be enabled to receive payment of principal and interest, as soon as the certificates can be forwarded to Charleston for settlement, and orders received for their discharge.
November 1. 6t

From Marseilles.
THE CARGO
Of the Swedish barque Gustavus Adolphus, from Marseilles, consisting of the following articles, is discharging at Mr. Latimer's wharf, and for sale by the subscribers
BRANDY, well flavored, of 2, 3 & 4th proof
Claret, in hogsheads
Ditto, in cases
Frontignac Wine, in cases of 30 bottles
Olive Oil, of a superior quality, in baskets of 6 and 12 bottles
Capers
Olives
Almonds
Dry Verdigrease
Writing Paper
Umbrellas (Silk) of 28, 30 and 32 inches
Taffeties
Long and short white Kid Gloves for Women
Silk Stockings
Handkerchiefs, in imitation of Madrass
Artificial Flowers and Garlands
Ostrich Feathers
Ribbons
Perfumery
Scented Hair-Powder and Pomatum
Manna in sorts
Cream Tartar.

BENJAMIN MORGAN & ROBERT ANDREWS.
September 27. eotf

For Sale, by the Package,
For cash, or good notes at sixty or ninety days, viz.
Book and Jaconet Muslins plain stripes, and Checks
do. do. Tamboured
do. Ladies handkerchiefs, &
gentlemen's neck do. } Assorted in packages.

Jaconet chintz muslin for home and the West India market, Pullicote and linen handkerchiefs, for do. do printed do. do. common purple and chintz shawls.

The above goods entitled to drawback on exportation. Also a few scotch cambricks and an assortment of muslin by the piece.

The whole of the above being a consignment from the manufacturers in Britain.

To be seen at WILLIAM BLACKBURN'S Office, No. 64, South Second Street.
Nov. 6. 2awtf.

Clocks and Watches,
Of every description, opening for Sale, by
EPHRAIM CLARK,
At his New Shop, Corner of
MARKET and FRONT STREETS.
—ALSO—
An extensive and general assortment of
Tools, Files, and Materials.
—CONSISTING OF—
Clock Movements and Clock Dials, eight day and thirty hours cast brass, forged work and Pinions, Bells and Hands, Cat Gut, screw and draw Plates, Turkey Stones, Pumice, Emery and Rotten Stone, Springs and Glasses, Chains Keys, Seals &c. &c. Spring and standing Clocks.
Oct. 27. eotf

TENERIFFE WINE.
LANDING at Walnut-street wharf, TENERIFFE WINE, of excellent quality, in pipes and half pipes, for sale by *JAMES YARD.*
Oct. 10. e&3t

Late Foreign Intelligence.

FRANCE.

SECOND DECLARATION *of* DUVERNE DUPRESSOR DUNAN, *annexed to the Secret Register of the Directory, 17th Ventose, 5th year.*

"Lemerer, Merfem, and the greateft part of the members of the club of Clichi, conftitute the royaliſt body.

"The conſpiracy of Lemaitre and of Vendemiaire, was a royaliſt conſpiracy.

The real name of the perſon known to us under the name of Thebeau, is Delpomelles, who was a Marechal de Camp before the revolution, and a member I believe of the council of war. He had extenſive connexions with Lemaitre. It was he who drew up the rules of the inſtitutions and the military regulations. It is very probable that he was authorized to ſupercede us proviſionally, for he is too prudent to remain in a ſituation of ſuch great and perilous embarraſſment. He lived in a country houſe near the Bourg Egalite, and very rarely came to town. He ſaid he was very cloſely connected with M. M. de Segur, and aſſures us that they and their party would ſecond us.

"I never heard of the widow Joye before my examination. It certainly is a feigned name, and the perſon by whom it is aſſumed muſt not have been connected with us, but probably with Lemaitre, whoſe correſpondent in London, Dutteil, was likewiſe my correſpondent.

"Duval is the name that I aſſumed in England, being accuſtomed to take a new name every journey.

"We do not yet know the names of the members of the legiſlative body who belong to our party. Lemerer and Merſem were the only intermediate agents, but the reſt are the members of the club of Clichi, or at leaſt the greateſt part of which it is compoſed. The perſon who procured us the report of Carnot relative to the deſcent upon Ireland, muſt be clerk in the depot of places and charts, called perhaps the Bureau des Hedographes or Typographes. I had not leiſure either to know him or the perſon to whom he communicated the report. I believe that it was not the chief of that Bureau, but that the piece was carried off during a neceſſary abſence of his Secretary in the month of Frimaire.

"England paid here a perſon of the name of Hardemberg. The latter had direct communication with Saladin.

"England likewiſe pays a perſon of the name of Vincent. The miniſter of police muſt know who he is, at leaſt he has often given us pieces of information which he pretended to have received directly from that miniſter, at entertainments at which he was preſent. I have always been of opinion that this young man, for I am told he is ſo, has been the dupe of our miniſter.

A correſpondence, not entirely foreign to our object, is that of M. D'Antraigues with M. Sourdat, the father. The channel by which it is conveyed is as follows:

"Sourdat writes either to an Abbe Andre, who takes the name of Lemaitre, or an M. de Vaidene, well known in the affair of Lemaitre. Theſe two gentlemen reſide at Lauſanne, or Vivais; by them the letters are tranſmitted to an Abbe de la Roune, at Bellinzons, under cover, I believe of the poſt-maſter of that place, and he tranſmits them to Venice, where M. D'Antraigues reſides.

"From Venice the details go to M. de Vanguyon, and into Spain, for Spain is ſtill anxious to know what the royaliſts are doing. Sourdat writes thus: direct to Bellinzons, ſometimes to Marco Philiberti, or even other names. There is another direct correſpondence with Venice. The letters are addreſſed to Marco Philiberti, banker in Bavaria. The correſpondence from the interior is of no importance whatever, every thing of importance muſt be ſent by England. Any thing more is the mere accuſation of receiving letters. (An exact copy,)

(Signed) LIMODIN,
(Signed) COCHON,
Miniſter of the General Police."

PARIS, September 14.

FRENCH EMIGRANTS.

A liſt of the names of the emigrants who have been arreſted, and who are to be tried in twenty-four hours.

We may now ſay with truth that the republic is ſaved; and it is impoſſible ſufficiently to praiſe the wiſe foreſight of the directors, in having diſcovered and fruſtrated the plots of our enemies, at the very moment when all good citizens and real patriots were on the point of falling under the daggers of royaliſt aſſaſſins. Let us not then fear the vain efforts of the agents of Louis. Their leaders will ſoon receive the puniſhment due to their crimes.

The ſword of the law hangs over their heads, and delivers us from traitors, who planned the ruin of their country—Let us aſſemble round the republican ſtandard, and defend a republican government, which will always ſupport liberty and puniſh wickedneſs.

Open your eyes and ſee into what an abyſs they wiſhed to plunge you—Read the correſpondence between Pichegru and Conde—the brilliant offers made by the latter to Pichegru, and the promiſe of the traitor to facilitate his return to France, and that of the emigrants. But every thing is diſcovered; it cannot be doubted but that their deſign was to re-eſtabliſh royalty; this conſpiracy will ſhare the fate of all the others—It will recoil upon its authors—they will be the victims of their own guilt—they will fall in the pit they dug for us.

Infamous emigrants, you are baniſhed, and baniſhed for ever, from this glorious country, from the abode of liberty, and from the greateſt republic in the world. You will not know the extent of your puniſhment, till after you have loſt that tender mother who has been the admiration of ages, and who has conſtituted the happineſs of her faithful children. Republicans who have brought about the event, do not loſe the reward of your ſignal ſervices. The juſt puniſhment which will be inflicted upon thoſe who wiſhed to hide liberty, under the ſhadow of an uſurped power, will for ever point out to a free people the path they ought to purſue. May a dreadful example ſtiſle in their abandoned minds the vain hopes of tyrannizing over us. May every one of us, Frenchmen, feel our hearts glow with the noble deſire of diſtinguiſhing ourſelves by our courage, our talents and our virtues.

We find in the 'Ami des Loix' the following liſts of emigrants returned to Paris:

The ſon of the duke de Lavauguyon, prince de Carencey.—Meſſrs. de L'Aigle.
Monſieur le Duc de Choiſeuil.
M. Duchylau, biſhop of Chalons ſur Saone, formerly almoner to the queen. He came to Paris to be preſent at the council which was to be held at rue Saints Peres, and at the Files St. Marie, Faubourg-Jacques.
Le Prince de Paix.
Lamoignon, ſon of the keeper of the ſeals.
Ducluzel, an officer of the king's regiment.
Alex. Laborde, ſon of the ci-devant court banker.
Le Mar. d'Etampes
Comte d'Ecquevilly
Comte de Gruel
Vicomte de la Belmaye
Marquis Perſan
Danican
Baron de Concey
Chevalier de Courtin
Marquis de Ste Croix
Comte de Hautfort
Comte de Hauſoy
Marquis de Neſle
Marquis de Breteuil

We think they ought to form a part of thoſe whoſe arreſt and trial in 24 hours, is announced by the pacificator of Galiceti.

WETZLAER, Auguſt 25.

On Friday an adjutant to general Moreau, from Straſburg, arrived at the quarters of general Hocaras, who the next day diſpatched a courier to Paris; yeſterday a ſecond, and to day a third. A courier from Buonaparte in Italy likewiſe arrived yeſterday, with diſpatches for general Hoche, and returned with an anſwer this day. This is one proof, among others, that the three armies correſpond with each other.

HAMBURGH, Auguſt 25.

Citizen Louis, who was ſent to Vienna to ſolicit the releaſe of the Marquis La Fayette, is arrived here to make the neceſſary arrangements for the paſſage of the Marquis to America, on board an American veſſel.

Prince Ruſpoli, lately arrived from Peterſburgh, is ſtill here, but intends to ſet out for London in a few days.

The yatch, on board of which the king of Sweden will return home, is arrived at Stralsfund, from whence he departs to-morrow. He is a very handſome young man, and appears to poſſeſs a ſtrong conſtitution."

PORTSMOUTH, September 1.

This afternoon arrived at Spithead, the Sea Horſe frigate, with Admiral Nelſon's flag, from Teneriffe.

Admiral Nelſon landed at his new Sally-port this evening between five and ſix o'clock, when he was received by the populace with three cheers, for which he very politely thanked him. He ſeemed to be in good ſpirits.

LONDON, September 2.

The ſlave trade is manifeſtly on the decline. A letter from the coaſt of Africa, dated the 15th June, ſtates, that for ſeveral months previous to that period the traffic appeared wholly ſuſpended, many of the traders having loſt by it.

The laſt letters from Sierra Leona, bro't to England by the Thornton, Capt. Macauley, are dated the 20th of June. Theſe ſtate, the internal affairs of the colony to proceed proſperouſly, but that the trade was nearly deſtroyed by a ſmall French ſquadron, under the command of M. Renaude, who has recently taken ſeveral valuable prizes, and continues in the neighbourhood of Cape Mount. The cotton and coffee plantations were extending, and promiſed abundantly to recompence the labour directed to their culture. The preſent governor, Macauley, returns to Europe early in the enſuing year.

DUBLIN, September 1.

TO THE
KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

The humble Petition of the Subſcribers, the Inhabitants of the counties of Fife and Kinroſe.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

We, your Majeſty's loyal and faithful ſubjects the inhabitants of the counties of Fife and Kinroſe, beg leave to approach your throne, impreſſed with the warmeſt and moſt lively ſentiments of duty and affection for your Royal perſon, and at the ſame time, to expreſs, with all humility, our diſapprobation of an act paſſed in the laſt ſeſſion of parliament, entitled, "an act to raiſe and embody a militia to ſerve in that part of great Britain called Scotland," which act is now attempted to be carried into execution.

We beg leave to repreſent to your majeſty, that we conſider this act as oppreſſive in nature, and dangerous in its conſequences. By tearing young men from their profeſſion and their relations, in many inſtances from their aged and infirm parents, though their ſole comfort, and only prop and ſupport of their lives; this act has a direct, immediate, and fatal tendency, to throw families deſtitute, and to reduce numbers of moſt valuable and reſpected members of ſociety to ſituations of extreme miſery and diſtreſs.

We are apprehenſive that the putting in execution of an act of this nature, may have the effect of alienating the minds of your majeſty's ſubjects both from your royal beloved perſon, and your gracious mild government. And we hope, that the great numbers of men who have made offer of their ſervices as volunteers, more than have yet been accepted of, will wholly ſupercede any neceſſity of compelling men to become ſoldiers, who, though equally loyal with any other claſs of their fellow ſubjects, feel an utter and inſuperable averſion to that profeſſion.

And, ſeeing your majeſty inveſted with power to ſupercede, by order in council, the ſaid act, abſolutely, or for a limited time,

Therefore, we, your majeſty's faithful and loyal ſubjects, humbly pray, That your majeſty may be graciouſly pleaſed to ſupercede the ſaid act Abſolutely;—which, we are confident, will fill with the greateſt ſatisfaction, joy, and gratitude, the hearts of all your majeſty's loyal ſubjects in this part of your dominions—and we, as in duty bound, ſhall ever pray.

GLASCOW, Auguſt 29.

Some trivial oppoſition has manifeſted itſelf in the pariſhes of Strathaven, Kirkintatulloch, &c. to the carrying of the militia act into effect, but we are glad to find, that in ſeveral of the pariſhes around this city, ſubſcriptions have commenced to procure ſubſtitutes for thoſe who may be ballotted for, and who do not incline to ſerve in the militia.

Auguſt 31.

On Tueſday laſt, a numerous and reſpectable meeting was held at Pollokſhaws, in the pariſh of Eaſtwood, conſiſting of the heads of families belonging to the village and pariſh, in order to enter into a ſubſcription, not only for providing ſubſtitutes for thoſe young men who, upon being choſen by ballot to act as militia men, may decline ſerving, but alſo to give a bounty to thoſe willing to ſerve. Nearly thirty guineas were inſtantly ſubſcribed by the people preſent, and a committee was appointed to wait upon thoſe abſent, for the purpoſe of receiving their ſubſcriptions. The utmoſt harmony and regularity prevailed, and, much to the honor of the pariſh, all ſeemed actuated with the ſame ſpirit.

NEW-YORK, November 11.

The papers that have been publiſhed as proofs of a conſpiracy to reſtore monarchy, wear a very ſuſpicious appearance. The Jacobin Editor of the Engliſh Morning Chronicle declares, that the papers to prove Pichegru a Traitor, have not even the diſguiſe of impoſition. To ſuppoſe them genuine, is to ſuppoſe the prince of Conde, Montgaillard, d'Antraigues and Pichegru, deſtitute even of common ſenſe. A boy of ten years old would have conducted a conſpiracy with more judgment and addreſs.

To deſtroy the credibility of the ſtory, we may oppoſe to theſe ſilly papers, the ſteady, firm and patriotic conduct of Pichegru, in a moſt arduous public ſtation, and an unblemiſhed private character.

If we take into the account, the character of Barthelemy, Troncon Decoudray, Boiſſy, Marbois, &c. the private virtues of ſome, and the public ſervices of all, where ſhall we fiud the proofs of their guilt? If theſe men are guilty, ſure we are, the proofs are not yet before the American public.

We muſt ſtill be incredulous, as to the facts, and until further evidence appears, we ſhall aſcribe to *faction* only, the moſt horrible tyranny and proſecution that ever diſgraced human beings.

Extract of a letter from Nantz, Sept. 5, '99.

I have juſt returned from the Tribunal of Commerce, after having heard pronounced the condemnation of the ſhip Confederacy and cargo.

In the motives of judgment, among other favorable conſiderations enumerated, they admit that it is clearly proved that the ſhip and the cargo are both the property of L. and P. of New-York, that we are citizens of the United States, that the documents and expeditions taken on board are authentic, and in the form in uſe on board other American veſſels, that the ſhip was bound from China to Hambro, that the cargo conſiſts of free goods, that the equipage is compoſed of Americans aad neutrals, there not being one Engliſhman on board—but that not having a role d'equipage or ſhipping articles atteſted by an officer of marine or conſul, conformably to the arrette of the Directory of the 12th Ventoſe, they declare the prize valid, both of the ſhip and cargo.

They take for the baſis of their judgment the arrette of the Directory, and are ſilent on the treaty, and the numerous exiſting laws, which confirm it, and declare null and of no effect all laws, ordinances and diſpoſitions that are contrary thereto. Such at this moment is French juſtice.

Unhappily we are yet without the expected relief from the head of government—our commiſſioners are not yet arrived. I ſhall appeal to the Tribunal of the Department, and hope that the arrette will be repealed before a confirmation of the firſt judgment takes place.

ALBANY, November 6.

On Friday evening laſt, as the ſloop Peggy, owned and commanded by capt. James Moore, of this city, was on her paſſage from New-York to this port, ſhe unfortunately ran foul of the wreck of a ſunken veſſel, near Winne's Bar, which beat in a plank and ſhivered one of her timbers—ſhe ſoon filled with water up to her cabin floor and grounded—ſearch was now made for the leak, which being found and ſecured, by the exertions of the crew, the water was hove and pumped out, ſo that the veſſel again floated, and on Saturday arrived here. She had on board a quantity of drugs and medicine, belonging to Meſſrs. G. W. Mancius & Co. an aſſortment of hardware and ironmongery, belonging to Mr. J. P. Douw; cloths to a conſiderable amount belonging to Meſſrs. Giles W. and I. Porter, and a large quantity of goods belonging to other perſons. Moſt of the cargo was damaged, aad ſome of it totally loſt.

☞ Capt. Moore acknowledges the friendly aid of Capt. E. Willett and his hands—by whoſe ſpirited exertions he is much indebted for the preſervation of his veſſel.

OUR HARBOUR

exhibits at this time a moſt pleaſing ſight, evincive of the rapid growth of the commerce of Albany—the flowing canvaſs of more than 100 veſſels now grace our extenſive quays and wharves.

OUR CITY

is crowded with waggons loaded with wheat and other rich produce of our ſoil.—The choiceſt Beef and Mutton, is ſold in our market from 4 to 5 cents a pound.

THE BEEF

putting up for home conſumption and exportation was never of ſo fine a quality as the preſent ſeaſon, nor half ſo abundant.

CHEESE—

To the credit of our dairy farmers, far exceeds all former years, in its ſuperior quality. The price is alſo moderate.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, *NOVEMBER 15.*

LATEST ACCOUNTS FROM FRANCE,

By the WOODROP SIMS.

Tranſlated for the Gazettee of the U. States.

From the Bulletin, publiſhed at Rouen,

Sept. 19.

GERMANY.

Extract of a letter from Manheim, dated September 1.

This day the Imperial troops begin to encamp near Schœtzingen. This camp will conſiſt of ſeventy two ſquadrons of cavalry, and twenty battalions of infantry.

The regiment of Kalemberg departed this morning for the camp, It will be replaced by that of Ferdinand.

By the fourth inſtant the different camps will be formed.

General Count La Tour will command that of Schœtzingen; that of Ludwigſbourg will be under the orders of the baron de Staader, and that of Donau-Eſchingen will have the prince of Fuſtemberg for commander.

The Archduke will ſet off the day after to-morrow to review theſe camps.

We are aſſured that after performing this tour, his royal highneſs will return and eſtabliſh his head-quarters within our walls.

Theſe military preparations ſeem to deſtroy the favorable hopes we had entertained of approaching peace. In the mean time it would be extremely uſeful to both parties, as well as to the general tranquility of Europe. If the war continues both ſides of the Rhine will be devaſtated.

They are already impoveriſhed by the numerous requiſitions and by the preſence of the ſeveral armies on its borders, who require for their own conſumption all the proviſions of the firſt neceſſity. The miſery of the wretched inhabitants is at its height. Commerce is deſtroyed—Public inſtruction languiſhes, and agriculture threatens an entire ſterility for the coming year.

Tranſlated for the Aurora.

COUNCIL OF FIVE HUNDRED.

September 14.

The republicans of Chalons-ſur-Marne write as follows to the legiſlature: By baffling the manœuvres of the royaliſts you have deſerved well of the country. Long live the republic. Long live the directory; and our brave armies. Honor to the immortal 18th of Fructidor.——Honorable mention.

The communes of the department of Eure and of Seine and Oiſe congratulate the council on the happy day of the 18th Fructidor.—Honorable mention.

The council paſſed a carriage tax; and a toll for the repair of high ways.

The directory tranſmit in a meſſage, a letter from Dupont (de Nemours) member of the council of elders, in which he gives his reſignation.

The order of the day is called for.

Chaſal. I think that Dupont ought to have directed his reſignation to the council of elders. But as a member of the legiſlative body belongs to both councils, I think his reſignation ſhould be accepted by them both, as well as his admiſſion was confirmed by both. I move that the letter be referred.

Several members. Read his letter.

A ſecretary read it. Dupont (of Nemours) writes to his colleagnes, the members of the council of elders, as follows:

You have witneſſed my conſtant attendance to the ſittings of the council, and my indefatigable activity in partaking of its labors. The ill ſtate of my health has been ſuch, at laſt, that I was obliged to be in bed, when I ſhould have attended the ſittings. The temporary confinement I ſuffered in priſon, completed the deſtruction of my health. I give my reſignation. Inſertion in the journal.

Doulcet and Rouzet aſk for leave of abſence for ſeveral months, to go to the mineral waters. The order of the day.

Cales preſents a plan of dreſs for the legiſlative body.

September 14.

The citizens of Chinon congratulate the council on the 18th Fructidor.

The preſident announces, that the elders have approved the treaty of peace with Portugal.

The following are the prominent features. The conqueſts made by each power over the other ſhall be reſtored with compenſation. They ſhall obſerve a ſtrict and *reciprocal* deutrality. Neither ſhall furniſh to the enemies of the other, ſhips, proviſions, money, nor arms, &c. Portugal ſhall not admit into its large ports more than ſix armed veſſels belonging to the enemies of the republic, nor more than three veſſels into its ſmall ports. Privateers ſhall not be admitted into them except by ſtreſs of weather.

The council declared valid the elections in St. Domingo of members to the two councils.

September 15.

Riou after felicitating the directory for having broke the conſpiracy of the royaliſts ſaid:

"Among the cauſes which have brought about the day of the 18th Fructidor, there is one which has not been ſufficiently examined. It is the inveteracy with which the conſpirators attacked the operations of the executive, In this claſs is the motion of Paſtoret on our connections with America.

"It is notorious, that the Engliſh carry on three fourths of their trade by means of American veſſels; and as the dreſs, the manners the language and the habits of the two nations are perfectly alike, it is evident, that it was difficult to diſtinguiſh. Therefore the directory acted juſtly and conformably to principles and to fact, when they adopted the reſolution which orders the capture of American veſſels not conformable to the articles of the treaty of 1778.

"I move that the council declare, that there is no room to deliberate on the propoſition made by Paſtoret in the ſitting of the 2d Meſſidor, and that they repeal the decree naming a committe the members of which were Paſtoret, Boiſſy d'Anglas, Camille, Jourdan, Bailly and Herman, (of the lower Rhine.)—Decreed and the ſpeech of Riou ordered to be printed.

The council determined not to ſit on each Decadi.

September 17.

Many addreſſes of felicitation.

September 18.

An annuity is decreed to the widow of General Marceau, of 2000l.

Pons (of Verdun.) No one is ignorant of the influence which the criminal tribunals had on the laſt conſpiracy.

I could cite a number of proofs of this, if it was neceſſary; but is it not notorious that every where the accomplices of the royal conſpirators have been acquitted. Would it not be well to take meaſures to replace the preſidents and attorneys general of theſe tribunals? The conſtitution does not oppoſe it, for it does not ſettle the duration of their functions. I merely ſuggeſt theſe obſervations and move that the ſubject be referred.

Adopted.

COUNCIL OF ELDERS.

September 48.

The Council approved the decree of the Council of Five Hundred declaring valid the elections of St. Domingo

MILAN, September 8.

M. d'Antraigues, who was here on his word of honor, has proved to us the confidence which can be placed on the *word* and *honour* of the *well born.* He has gone off with Sainte Huberty, to whom it is ſaid he is married. [The republicans have probably ſuffered him to eſcape as a reward for the information they procured from him as to the royaliſt conſpiracy.]

PARIS, September 13.

General Moreau had not arrived here at ten laſt evening. The Directory has not yet appointed Miniſters of Juſtice and of the Interior.

September 15.

The *ci-devant* ducheſs of Orleans, the prince of Conti and Madame of Bourbon, ſet off in the nights of the 12th, 13th, for Spain, whither they are to be tranſported. The firſt ſhall receive for herſelf and her children one hundred thouſand livres a year and the others each fifty thouſand.

Sep. 16.

ARMY OF THE RHINE AND MOSELLE.

General Moreau, before he ſet off for Paris (where he arrived on the 13th) made to his army the following proclamation.

Head-quarters, Straſburgh, 23d Fructidor, Sep. 9.

The Commander in Chief of the army of the Rhine and Moſelle.

I received this morning the proclamation of the Executive Directory of the 18th inſt. which informs France, that Pichegru has rendered himſelf unworthy of the confidence which he has for too long a time commanded in the republic and eſpecially in the armies.

I have alſo been informed, that ſeveral military men too confident in the patriotiſm of that repreſentative owing to the ſervices he has rendered, doubted that aſſertion.

I owe it to my brethren in arms, and fellow citizens to inform them of the truth.

It is but too true, that Pichegru had betrayed the confidence of France. I informed one of the members of the Directory on the 17th inſt. that there had fallen into my hands a correſpondence with Conde and other agents of the pretender; which left no doubt on the ſubject of this treaſon

The Directory has juſt called me to Paris wiſhing, no doubt, information more complete reſpecting that correſpondence.

Soldiers be calm, and without diſquietude on the events of the interior. I believe that the Government by repreſſing the Royaliſts, will watch over the preſervation of the Republican conſtitution, which you have ſworn to defend.

Signed MOREAU.

A courier arrived this morning at M. Brocardi's (the Genoeſe miniſter) which had brought intelligence that on the 18th Fructidor there had been an attempt to effect a counter revolution at Genoa, at the head of which were the nobles and the prieſts. [This was the very day the Royaliſts began to ſtir in Paris] there were many killed, and they were overpowered. The courier coming through Lyons on the 22d in the evening found every thing in the ſame ſituation. They were ſtill ignorant of what took place here on the 18th.

Sept. 17.

Citizen Letourneur (of Nantz) [not the former Director] is appointed miniſter of the interior, and Cit. Vimar of Rouen) that of juſtice.

Sept. 18.

The National Council of France aſſembled at Paris, held on the 22d Fructidor (8th Sept.) its ſecond ſitting in the Church of Notre Dame; and publiſhed, after a ſolemn maſs, a decree reſpecting the ſubmiſſion due to the civil power.

Sept. 19.

The commander in chief of the army of Sambre and Meuſe to the miniſter of War Scherer.

Head-quarters, Wetzlaer 25th Fructidor—13th Sept.

If I was not perſuaded that the Directory

would soon do justice to your perfidy, I would only take the trouble to declare to you, that I will no longer correspond with you.

Does it become you to make an address to the armies, you the friend and most active agent of the conspirators; you who have surrounded us with spies; you who have persecuted the friends of the government? Hasten to cause the republicans whom you have betrayed and who abhor you to forget even your name.

(Signed) L. HOCHE.

TRANSLATED

for the GAZETTE *of the* UNITED STATES,

From a *Rouen* paper of September 19, called the *BULLETIN.*

TREATY of PEACE and FRIENDSHIP between the French Republic *and the* Queen of Portugal.

The French Republic and her most faithful majesty the queen of Portugal, desirous of re-establishing the relations of commerce and friendship which existed between the two states before the present war, have given their full powers for entering into negociation for that purpose, to wit: the executive directory, in the name of the French republic, to citizen Charles Lacroix; and her most faithful majesty to M. le chevalier D'Aranjo Dazevedo, of her said majesty's council, gentleman of her household, chevalier of the order of Christ, and her envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary; who, after having exchanged their respective powers, have concluded the present treaty of peace.

ARTICLE I.

There shall be peace, friendship and good understanding between the French republic and her most faithful majesty the Queen of Portugal.

II. All hostilities shall cease, as well by land as sea, to count from the exchange of the ratification of the present treaty; that is to say, in fifteen days for Europe and the seas that water its coasts, and those of Africa, on this side the Equator, and three months after for the countries and seas situate to the East of the Cape of Good Hope.

III. The ports, cities, places and all other territorial possessions of either of the two powers, in whatsoever part of the world, which shall be found occupied or conquered by the arms of the other, shall be reciprocally restored without requiring any compensation or indemnity, and in the times fixed in the preceding article.

IV. Her most faithful majesty engages to observe the most exact neutrality towards the republic and the other belligerent powers: a like neutrality shall be observed by the French republic in the event of a rupture between Portugal and the other powers of Europe.

In consequence, neither of the contracting powers, during the course of the present war, shall furnish to the enemies of the other, by virtue of any treaty or stipulation whatever, (public or secret) any succours in troops, vessels, arms, ammunition, provisions or money by whatever name it may be called, or under whatever denomination it may be.

V. Her most faithful majesty shall not admit together in her large ports more than six vessels of war, belonging to each one of the belligerent powers, nor more than three in the small. The prizes made by their vessels of war or privateers respectively, nor the privateers themselves shall be received, except in case of distress of weather and imminent danger, in the ports of her most faithful majesty; they shall depart as soon as the danger is over. All sales of merchandize or captured vessels shall be strictly prohibited.

The French republic shall adopt the same rule, in regard to the vessels of war, privateers or prizes belonginging to the European powers, with whom her most faithful majesty shall be at war.

VI. Her most faithful majesty acknowledges, by the present Treaty, that all the countries situated to the northward of the limits hereafter designated, between the possessions of the two contracting powers, belong, the entire property and sovereignty, to the French republic; renouncing as much as shall be necessary, both for herself, her successors and heirs all the rights which she might claim to the said countries by whatever title, and specially in virtue of the 8th article of the Treaty concluded at Utrecht, 11th April, 1713. Reciprocally, the French republic recognizes all the countries situated to the south of the said line, as belonging to her most faithful majesty in conformity to the same treaty of Utrecht.

VII. The limits between the two Guyannes, French and Portuguese, shall be determined by the river, called by the Portuguese Calménie, and by the French Vincent Pinson, which empties into the Ocean, to the southward of Cape North, at about two degrees north latitude. They shall follow the said river up to its source after a right line drawn from its said source towards the east, to Rio Blanco.

VIII. The entrance, as well as the entire course of the said river, Calménie, or Vincent Pinson, shall belong, as to the entire property and sovereignty, to the French republic. But the subjects of her most faithful majesty, settled on its borders, and to the south of the said river, shall not however be interrupted in the free use of the same, and without being subject to any duties from its entrance, in its course, or in its branches.

IX. The subjects of her most faithful majesty, who shall be found established to the northward of the above designated frontier line, shall be at liberty to remain, on submitting to the laws of the republic, or to retire, and transport their goods and moveables, and to alienate the lands which it shall appear belongs to them. The right to retire, and dispose of their goods, moveables and immoveables, is reciprocally reserved to the French, who may be found situated on the south of the line of the frontier. The exercise of the said right is vested in the one as well as the other, for two years, to commence from the exchange of the ratifications of the present treaty.

X. There shall be negociated and concluded as soon as possible, between the two powers, a treaty of commerce, founded on the basis of equal and reciprocal advantages.

In the mean time it is agreed,

1. That the Commercial relations shall be established immediately after the exchange of the ratifications, and that the Citizens and subjects of the two powers shall enjoy in the territories of each other all the rights, immunities and priviliges which are enjoyed by the most favored nations.

2. That the provisions and merchandize the produce of their soil and manufactures shall be respectively admitted, if similar provisions or merchandize of other nations, are or shall be, and the said provisions or merchandize shall not be subjected to any prohibition, which shall not equally affect, similar provisions and manufac- imported by other nations.

3. That never heless the French Republic being able to offer Portugal only a very trifling vent for her wines, and which cannot compensate the introduction of French cloths into that Kingdom, matters with respect to these two articles shall reciprocally remain in their present state.

4. That the duties of impost and others upon the produce and merchandise of the soil and manufactures of the two powers shall be reciprocally regulated and collected upon the footing to which the most favored nations are subjected.

5. That on the imposts thus regulated, both the parties shall allow a diminution in favor of the merchandizes produced by the manufactories or the soil of the states of each of the two powers, provided they are imported in national vessels, laden on account of Merchants belonging thereto, and sent directly from ports in Europe of the one to ports in Europe of the other party. This diminution as well as the species of merchandize to which it shall apply, shall be regulated by the treaty of commerce to be concluded between the two powers.

6. That as to the rest, all stipulations relative to commerce, inserted in preceding treaties between the two powers shall be provisorily executed, in all respects not contravening the present treaty.

XI. Her most faithful majesty shall admit into her ports French vessels of war or of commerce, on the same conditions as the vessels of the most favored nations. Portuguese vessels shall enjoy in France the same reciprocity.

XII. The French consuls and vice-consuls shall enjoy the privileges, precedence, immunities, prerogatives and jurisdictions which they enjoyed before the war, and which those of the most favored nations enjoy.

XIII. The ambassador or minister of the French republic at the court of Portugal, shall enjoy the same immunities, prerogatives and precedencies which the French ambassadors enjoyed before the war.

XIV. All French citizens, as well as all the individuals composing the household of the ambassador or minister, of the consuls or other accredited and acknowledged agents of the French republic, shall enjoy, in the states of her most faithful majesty, the same liberty of worship, which the most favored nations enjoy in this respect.

The present article and the two preceding shall be observed reciprocally by the French republic towards the ambassadors, ministers, consuls and other agents of her most faithful majesty.

XV. All prisoners made on one part or the other, comprising the marines and sailors shall be given up in the month counting from the exchange of the ratifications of the present treaty, on paying the debts which they shall have contracted during their captivity.

The sick and wounded shall continue to be attended in the respective hospitals; they shall be given up as soon as they are cured.

XVI. The peace and good friendship re-established by the present treaty between the French republic and her most faithful majesty, shall be declared common to the Batavian republic.

XVII. The present treaty shall be ratified and its ratifications exchanged in two months, counting from this day.

Done, agreed, concluded, signed and sealed, to wit, by me Charles Delacroix, with the seal of external relations; and by me, Chevalier d'Aranjo, with my seat at arms. At Paris the 23d thermidor, 5th year of the French republic, answering to the 10th August, 1797, (old style.)

(Signed)

CHARLES DE LA CROIX, and
ANTOINE D'ARANJO DAZEVEDO.

By this day's Mail.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 14.

Extract of a letter from Messrs. de Arabet, Gautier, Manning and co. dated Barcelona, July 29th, 1797.

The ship Chatham, Capt. Peters, who sailed last Sunday evening from Saloe, has since been taken by a French privateer, and is now detained in this river, and in quarantine; but until they may have Pratick, we cannot say what may be the result of this strange proceeding, as all the captain's papers are in order, and the French are not at war with the Americans. *The French consul says, that by their republican ordinance, the American's muster role, or role d'equipage, should be printed, and it seems the privateer detains Capt. Peters only because his is in manuscript. O TEMPORA, O MORES!*

FROM THE DIARY.

On Friday last, at the sittings before Judge Lewis, Esq. was tried a cause on a bill of exchange, remitted to England by the indorser in payment of debt, which was protested; and one of the partners in America employed an agent to endeavour to recover the bill, with damages, which the jury charged at twenty per cent. under the express directions of the court. This decision with other points is reserved for the opinion of the Supreme Court: yet, as merchants and the chamber of commerce are of decided opinion, that the party who remits a bill on his own account is only entitled to the damages, &c. It may be well for those who remit bills to be guarded in their endorsements, by making some specialty thereon.

MARRIED—In England, David William, Earl of Mansfield, to Miss Frederica Markham, 4th daughter of the Archbishop of York.

DIED,—At the Lazaretto near this city, aged 42, Capt. JOHN WASSON of the schr. Huntress, belonging to Fairfield in Connecticut. He was lately from Savannah, where he contracted the yellow fever, supposed from the filthiness of the wharf and shore. He was a man of great integrity and worth, and highly esteemed by all who knew him.

—, At the General Hospital, near Quebec, the most illustrious and Rt. Rev. Jean Francois Hubert, late bishop of Quebec, aged about 50 years.

LONDON, Sept. 13.

HAUTTON. The letters written by a reverend gentleman, the *cher ami* of the celebrated Mrs. C——ns, to his grace the Duke of B. in the name of that lady, engross the conversation of the circles at Brighton. The finances of the fair Cyprian being deranged, the duke was fixed upon as the person most likely to supply the Lady with the further means of extravagance: but as she could not write, her reverend friend wrote the tender epistles in her name. The Duke in the infancy of the correspondence was rather struck with the stile of the lady, answered her letters, and gave her a meeting—but the fraud was at length detected—the lady confused and neglected, and the pious pastor suffered disgrace. We have been favored with copies, and for the amusement of our readers insert

THE FIRST LETTER

From Mrs. C——ns to the Duke of B——,

"My Lord Duke,

"This letter will probably surprize your grace, coming from one who has not the honor of your acquaintance. I have struggled with my feelings to express such an act of indiscretion; but the susceptibility of the femle heast would not suffer me to stifle my emotions. If I am guilty of what a delicate mind might be induced to treat with harshness and indifference, inquire my lord Duke into the cause, and that will insure your forgiveness.

"I am in love, and I am miserable. The world has placed our respective situations in extremes—therefore, what can be a greater stimulus to gratitude than the condescension that will no longer suffer such situations to be an insurmountable objection to at least the honour of an interview.

"My heart is full——My style, I know must exhibit my weakness, whilst I hope it will not fail of impressing on your mind my miseries—if it is confused, consider that the dearest object on earth breaks on my mind, and suffers me not to pay attention to the elegance of composition, or the beauties of language. The honest eloquence of love, my dear lord duke, I hope and sincerely trust, requires neither.

"I have the honour to be,
"My Lord Duke,
"Your ever," &c. &c.

Brighton, Aug. 21.

The above letter was received by his Grace, which, with his wonted politeness, he answered. He was apprised that the lady could not write, but, to gratify a whim, he encouraged a correspondence, that will, we have no doubt, afford amusement to the public.

DUBLIN, Sept. 12.

Fifty one traitors have been capitally convicted on the late North East Circuit, the greater part of whom are sentenced to be hanged in the course of a present month. We state this article upon authority, and with concern, for the fate of so many deluted wretches, which crimes originated not in their own minds, but in the diabolical contrivance of men in a higher class of life who wrote them into the ranks of treason, into which they were too cowardly to enter themselves, and who now pass their time tranquilly, while the victims are stretched in a dungeon, waiting the dreadful summons of the executioner, to be separated forever from a wife and infant family supported by their former care and industry; or helpless parentage, perhaps maintained by their duty and affection!

Notice to Creditors.

WHEREAS Josiah W. Gibbs and William Gibbs, did on the 9th day of June last, assign to the subscribers, all their property for the benefit of their creditors, this is to give notice to all the creditors of the above firm, that all their books, as well as the statement of their concerns, are lodged with John D. Blanchard, No. 6, South Third Street, for their inspection, and also the discharge which is to be signed by all those creditors who wish to receive the benefit of said assignment.

All persons indebted to the said firm, are hereby notified to pay their respective debts to the said John D Blanchard, who is fully authorized to receive and settle all their accounts.

JOHN D. BLANCHARD.
JAMES VANUXEM.
A. BUTLER.

Nov. 13. mwf3t.

ROSS & SIMSON,

HAVE FOR SALE,

A few bales Baftas, Cossas, and a quantity of Bengal COTTON
Bengal SUGAR, in bags and boxes
Jamaica, St. Vincents, and Bengal } RUM.
300 casks RICE, and
A parcel of ship building RED CEDAR.

Oct 27. §

To Gentlemen who intend spending the Winter in the City.

ROOMS to LET,

WITH or without Board—at No. 114, corner of Sixth and Race Streets. The situation agreeable—and vicinity has been free from the late contagion. Oct. 27—dtf

The Canal Lottery.

Will re-commence drawing, on Monday the 20th inst.

ROBERT BROOKE,
Check Clerk.

Nov. 11. dt20.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, *NOVEMBER* 15.

CONGRESS.

Fifty-four members of the House of Representatives took their seats this day; but a quorum of the Senate not being assembled, an adjournment till to-morrow took place.

Twelve members of the Senate took their seats this day.

There is a report in circulation that the British frigate HERMIONE has been rose upon by the crew, and carried into Leguira.

The advocates for the proscriptions in France contend that they are justifiable on the principle of *necessity*—the necessity of securing liberty by establishing the republic, and preventing the restoration of monarchy. Let us examine this question.

Either a majority of the French nation are desirous of a monarchy, or they are not. If they are, on the republican principle that a "majority must govern," they have a *right* to restore monarchy. If a majority are not in favor of monarchy, there can be no *necessity* for illegal and arbitrary measures to suppress the advocates of monarchy; because the existing laws, if supported by a majority of the nation and the army too, are competent to the purpose.

Again. Either Barthelemy, Pichegru, and Co. believe the mass of the nation to be in favor of monarchy, or they do not. If they do, they have a right and it is their duty to destroy the usurpation of a faction and give the nation the form of government they wish. If they do not, they are *traitors*, and all their party. The last supposition will make rascals of those who have supported unblemished characters, performed most essential services for their country, and enjoyed public confidence for a long series of years—In short, it will prove the character of the tion so base, that it cannot be believed. If those men are traitors, where is the man left in the nation that can be trusted?

The most probable supposition is, that the proscribed party are the *friends of peace and established government*, and their enemies are determined to pursue the war; they therefore found it necessary to their bloody purposes, to remove the *friends of peace*, who interposed obstacles to their views. It is a fact asserted with probable authority, that the Directory did not and would not furnish their ministers at Lisle, with definitive powers to make peace—but when the British and French negociators had *agreed* upon the preliminaries, the Directory declined to ratify them, or evaded. The probability is, that this "triumph of liberty" in France, will cost Europe half a million of lives.

(New-York Paper.)

During the despotism of *Robespierre*, a curious incident happened at Verneuil: A cobler of that place thought proper to put three hogs under arrest, and to put them into the court-yard to eat the grass, and poison the prisoners with their filth. One of these animals by some means was wounded in the foot. The revolutionary committee was informed of the fact; they met at the prison, and a *proces verbal* was composed; in which it was declared that the prisoners had wounded the hog with a counter-revolutionary intention. Diligent enquiry was made through the house to discover the conspirators; but after searching for some time without success, they mounted the Tribunal, and a Jury was summoned to give their opinion of the offence. The jury, in their verdict declared, that from the evidence before them, it appeared that the hog had wounded himself with some broken glass that lay in the court yard—and so the affair ended. The hogs were removed to give place to horses belonging to another member of the committee; and it was not till after the 9th Thermidor, that the prisoners got rid of these horses, or were themselves set at liberty.

GAZETTE MARINE LIST.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.

ARRIVED		DAYS
Ship Neptune,	Jeffries, St. Ubes	39
Rebecca,	McKever, Havanna	23
Brig Fly,	Brice, London	65
Friendship,	Gallagher, Jamaica	38
Susannah,	Hunt, Gaudaloupe	20
Betsey,	Forrester, St. Augustine	15
Abigail,	Smith, Portsmouth, N. H.	8

CLEARED,		
Ship America,	Hardie,	Hamburg
	Seymour, Willis,	Baltimore
Brig Theresida,	Loulam,	Bassaterre
	Harriot, Vanneman,	St. Thomas's
Schr. Hawk.	Campbell,	Gaudaloupe
	Ranger, Waine,	Passamaquody
	Diana, Weddling,	New-Bedford
Sloop Betsey,	Busher,	Alexandria
	Wonder, Garret,	Edenton

The Susannah, Hunt, left at Guadaloupe the 21st ult. the brig Polly and Betty, Williams, of Middleton, and brig Sally, Arnold, sent in on her passage from New-York to Barbadoes, cargo condemned vessel cleared both to sail for St. Bartholemews in 2 days.

The Fly, Brice, sailed from Cowes the 22d Sept. in company with the Argus (arrived at New York) and several others. Oct. 11, lat. 41, long. 27, was boarded from a French corvette or privateer of 16 guns, out 30 days from Bourdeaux on a cruise, after examining the Fly's papers, and taking her newspapers and a number of private letters, allowed her to proceed.

Yesterday arrived the brig Fly, captain Brice, from Cowes, which she left the 22d of September. The newspapers on board this vessel were taken away by a French cruiser of 16 guns which boarded the Fly on the 11th of October. The French officers also carried away a great number of letters, particularly one for the minister of Spain.

New York, Nov. 14.

ARRIVED		DAYS
Ship Rachel,	Raps, St. Ubes	63
Jemmy,	Dickenson, Jamaica	26
Columbia,	Cook, Lisbon	34
Brig Salacia,	Doggens, Havannah	13

The Balch, Stafford, from Virginia, passed Gravesend Sept. 15.

And so did the Britania, from Halifax

The Martha, Badcock, for Boston, remained in the Downs Sept. 16.

Baltimore, November 11.

The ship Willink, captain Stewart, which arrived here on the 8th instant, sailed from the Texel the 25th August; left in Nieu-Dieppe the ship Niagara, Armor, for New-York; Susanna Beard, for Philadelphia; the ships Harmony, Earl; Leeds Packet, Bunce, for Charleston, and a number of American vessels at Amsterdam, whose names are not recollected.—The Dutch fleet still remained blocked up in the Texel, by the British fleet under admiral Duncan.—September 2, off the island of Bara (one of the Hebrides) spoke the brig Elizabeth, Wm. Penched, master, of Newburyport, bound to Hamburgh, out 45 days, the mate dead. September 25, lat. 38, 39, N. longitude 23, 30, W. was boarded by a French privateer ship of 26 guns, name not known, who called particularly for the role d'equipage, which he examined attentively, and finding it and all other papers correct, treated captain Stewart with great politeness. October 1st, within sight of Fyal, was boarded by the British frigate Romulus, on a cruise, who behaved politely. October 7th, in lat. 37, 14, N. long. 37, 16, W. saw nine large ships, was boarded by a frigate belonging to them, who informed captain Stewart that they were British ships of war on a cruise, but he rather apprehended they were from the East-Indies or the Cape of Good-Hope, as they were under a press of sail to the N. E. and standing the regular course of East-India vessels. October 20th, being in lat. 34, 32, N. long. 57, 15, had a most violent gale of wind from the S. E. to the N. W. supposed to be the same as that experienced by the West-India vessels—one of the equinoctials.

For Sale or Charter,

THE BRIG
ABIGAIL,
(Lying at Morris' Wharf, near the Drawbridge)

SHD is a staunch, well fitted vessel, almost new, burthen 113 tons, and is supposed will carry 11 or 1200 barrels, and sails fast. If not sold in a few days, she will take Freight for Boston, Salem, Newburyport, Portsmoth, or the West-Indies.—Apply to WHARTON & LEWIS.
No. 115, S. Front-Street.

Who have for sale,

Madeira Wine, Jamaica Rum, Brandy, Juniper Berries, and 70 barrels of Liver Oil.

☞ A quantity of Potatoes selling from on board said brig at 2s. 6d. per bushel.

november 15 §

For Sale or Charter,

The fast sailing brig
TWO BROTHERS,
Lying at Gurling's wharf, an excellent single deck'd vessel, burthen about 1600 barrels—not twelve months old, and in compleat order. For terms apply to the master on board, or to

Joseph Anthony & Co.

nov. diw.

anal Lottery----No. II.

WILL commence drawing Monday, the 20th inst. Tickets for Sale in this Lottery, at *Seven Dollars*, at WM. BLACKBURN's Lottery and Brokers Office, No. 64, South Second-street—Tickets in the Schuylkill Bridge Lottery, at *Six Dollars*, where check books are kept for registering and examining in these, the City of Washington, No. II. and Paterson Lotteries and information where tickets may be had in most of the Lotteries authorised by law in any of the States of the Union.

N. B. The business of a BROKER, in buying and selling all kinds of Public Stock and Securities, discounting Bills and Notes of Hand, sale of Lands, Houses, &c. &c. will be duly attended to, by WM. BLACKBURN.

november 15. §

French Circulating Library.

JOSEPH E. G. M. De LA GRANGE,
No. 110 Walnut-street,

INFORMS those who wish to recur to the only means of becoming perfect in the French Language, that he has just opened his LIBRARY, consisting of upwards of 1250 volumes, the best calculated to afford either useful instruction, or pleasure. The conditions, together with a catalogue of the Library, may be seen at every book-seller's in town.

N. B. All translations from and into the French, English and Spanish Languages, executed with accuracy and dispatch. colm *nov.* 15.

A young Man, who is acquainted with accounts, wishes employment. He will give security for any trust reposed in him, and recommendations if required. Should business offer where extra hours of attendance are necessary, he would have no objection—a great salary would not be expected—a line directed to B. B. and left at this office, will be attended to.

nov 15. 3t

FOR SALE, BY

Joseph Anthony & Co.

No. 5, Chesnut Street,

A cargo of choice Bourdeaux Brandy, 1st and 2d proof, just landed
250 bales of Bourbon cotton of a superior quality
9 do. Surat, do do
A quantity of heavy black pepper in bales
Bourbon Indigo of the first quality
High proof Jamaica spirits
Old London particular Madeira wine } In pipes &
do. market do } qr. casks.
New England rum in hogsheads
Genuine Holland Gin in pipes
Claret in casks
Spermaceti candles and strain'd oil
Prime Boston beef
Choice Halifax Salmon in barrels and half barrels
Do. Herring in do do
Best Boston Mackarel in barrels of the fall fare.
New-England whiskey
A few tons of Russia cordage
Russia feather beds
Clover and Timothy seed in casks
Long whale bone
No 1, 2, and 3, Boston sail duck
A few chests first quality Hyson tea
Carolina rice in whole and half tierces and
An invoice of Dutch hollow glass ware.

November 8. daw.

164

FOR SALE,

A Team of five excellent Horses,

with a Waggon and Gears. The Horses are all young, strong, true to the draught, and capable of hauling as great a weight as most in the country. The Waggon and Gears are strong, and in good order. Apply to ROBERT GREEN, West Town, Chester county, or to

Thomas Fisher,

No. 142, S. Second Street, Philadelphia.

11 mo. 2. eod3w.

In the Press,

And speedily will be published by WILLIAM YOUNG, No. 52, Second, the corner of Chesnut Street,

A VIEW

Of the Science of LIFE;

On the principles established in the elements of Medicine, of the late celebrated

JOHN BROWN, M. D.

With an attempt to correct some important errors of that work, and cases in illustration, chiefly selected from the records of their practice, at the General Hospital at Calcutta,

By WILLIAM YATES & CHAS. MACLEAN.

To which is subjoined, a Treatise on the action of Mercury upon living bodies, and its application for the cure of diseases of indirect debility And a dissertation on the sources of Epidemic and Pestilential diseases; in which is attempted to prove by a numerous induction of facts, that they never arise from contagion, but are always produced by certain states, or certain vicissitudes of the atmosphere, by CHARLES MACLEAN, of Calcutta.

Oct. 31. §12t

At the Federal Blast Furnace,

In Carver—for Slitting, Platting, and Rolling MILLS.

SEYMOUR's *Patent Rollers.*

THEIR superiority consists in being free from holes and honey-combed places, which are commonly found in rollers cast in sand, or clay moulds. These patent rollers are cast in iron moulds, previously heated, and will be found to be more dense, solid and durable than any rollers heretofore used. Another important advantage they have over others, is, that the necks require no turning, but are immediately fit for use, and from their accuracy, run with less friction, and require less water to make them perform their work. They may be had by application to the Patentee in Plymouth, of Gen. Nathaniel Goodwin, or of Messrs. Thatcher and Hayward.

Boston, Aug. 31. Sept. 19. ——§6t.

This Day is Published,

BY Messrs. Dobson, Carey, Campbell, Rice, and the other Booksellers,

Price One Dollar and twenty-five cents,

Elegantly printed on Wove paper, and Hot-pressed,

By John Thompson,

A COMPARATIVE VIEW OF

The Constitutions

Of the several States with each other, and with that of the United States: exhibiting in Tables, the prominent features of each Constitution, and classing together their most important provisions, under the several heads of administration; with Notes and Observations.

By WILLIAM SMITH,

Of South Carolina,

L. L. D. and member of the Congress of the United States.

Dedicated to the People of the United States.

N. B. A few Copies printed on an inferior paper, at 3-4ths of a dollar.

February 6 mwf

City Commissioners' Office,

June 22, 1797.

IN pursuance of an ordinance from the select and common councils, passed the 22d day of May last, appointing the city commissioners, and prescribing their duties, section 9th,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the city is divided into five districts, each to be under the superintendance of one of the city commissioners, who is to be individually responsible for the cleanliness of the same, and are as follow.

District No. 1. From the south side of Cedar-street, to the north side of Spruce-street, under the superintendence of Nathan Boys.

2. From the north side of Spruce-street, to the north side of Walnut-street, under the superintendence of Hugh Roberts.

3. From the north side of Walnut to the south side of High-street, under the superintendence of Joseph Claypoole.

4. From the north side of High-street, to the north side of Mulberry street, under the superintendence of William Moulder.

5. From the north side of Mulberry-street to the north side of Vine-street, under the superintendence of Nicholas Hicks.

The cleaning of High-street to be in common.

☞ A stated meeting of the city commissioners is held at the Old Court House, in High-street, every Tuesday evening at 5 o'clock.

July 14. eotm

Stands for Draymen, &c.

In pursuance of an Ordinance from the Select and Common Councils, bearing date the 22d day of April, 1797, providing for the appointment of City Commissioners, &c. Sect. the 15th.

THE following places are fixed upon by the said City Commissioners for Stands for Draymen and their Horses.

In Vine-street, eastward of Front-street, on both sides.

Sassafras, High, Chesnut and Walnut-streets, eastward of Front-street, on the north side only.

Mulberry-street, south side from Front to Third-street.

Front-street, east side from Vine-street to Elfrith's alley.

Front-street, from opposite to Black Horse alley to Hamilton's stores, east side.

Water-street, west side from the north end of Stomper's or Moore's stores to Pine-street.

Penn-street from Pine to Cedar-street, west side.

Drawbridge, north side, east of Front-street.

Spruce, Pine and South streets, east of Front street, south side.

Dock-street, between Walnut-street and the flag stone crossings, east side, opposite George Orkley's.

Second-street, between Sassafras and Vine streets, west side.

Fifth-street, east side from Chesnut to Mulberry streets.

Sassafras-street, from Third to Fourth-street, east side.

No dray or horse to stand within ten feet of any pump.

STANDS FOR HACKNEY COACHES.

Pine-street, north side from Fourth to Fifth street.

Fifth-street, between Chesnut and Walnut streets, west.

Branch-street, north side, between Third and Fourth streets.

July 14. mw&frm

LAW BOOKS,

Latest London and Dublin Editions.

H. & P. RICE, Booksellers,

No. 16, South Second, and No. 50, Market street,

HAVE just received by the late arrivals from London and Dublin, their spring importation, consisting of a variety of the latest and most approved Law Books, which, added to those already on hand, forms the most extensive collection ever offered for sale in this country. They therefore beg leave to notice, that from the nature of their connections in Dublin, they are enabled to sell Irish editions (as they have hitherto done) at the very lowest prices. The following are among the latest publications.

Vesey, jun'rs Reports in Chancery, 2 vols. Peake's Cases at Nisi Prius; Ridgeway's Reports in the time of Lord Hardwicke; Flover's Prochers Practice in the Ecclesiastical Courts; Barton's Treatise on a Suit in Equity; Tidd's Practice of the Court of King's Bench in Personal Actions, 2 parts complete; Ward's Law of Nations; Cruise on Uses; modern Reports, 12 vols. London edition.

H. and P. RICE expect to receive by the first arrival from New-York the 6th vol. complete of Durnford and East's Reports, the 2d part of Gilbert's Law of Evidence by Loft, and a number of new publications.

June 26.

The History of Pennsylvania,

BY ROBERT PROUD,

IS now in the press, and will be published, with all convenient expedition, by ZECHARIAH POULSON, jun. No. 80, Chesnut-street, Philadelphia, where subscriptions will continue to be received, and at the Philadelphia Library, according to the printed proposals, until the work is ready for the subscribers.

July 18. 22awtf

THIS DAY WAS PUBLISHED,

And for sale by *THOMAS DOBSON*, at the Stone House, No. 41, south Second street,

EVENINGS at HOME;

OR, THE JUVENILE BUDGET OPENED.

Consisting of a variety of Miscellaneous Pieces for the instruction and amusement of YOUNG PERSONS—Six Volumes handsomely printed and bound up in two volumes, price Two Dollars.

The variety and excellence of these pieces are such, that the book needs only to be known to be universally esteemed one of the most valuable publications that can be put into the hands of young persons.

"Delightful task to rear the tender thought,
To teach the young idea how to shoot,
To pour the fresh instruction o'er the mind,
To breathe th' enlivening spirit, and to fix
The generous purpose in the glowing breast."

THOMSON.

August 24. mwf4w

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

By *THOMAS DOBSON*, at the Stone House, No. 41, south Second street,

Letters and Conversations,

Between several *Young Ladies*, on improving and interesting subjects.

Translated from the Dutch of *Madame de Cambon* with alterations and improvements,

Printed on fine paper, and neatly bound,

Price one dollar.

AMIDST the tide of modern Romances, painting tales of extraordinary distress, or of desperate or artful villainy, which "harrow up the soul," and which it would be for the honor of young ladies to be *ignorant* of, this little book comes forward to solicit notice, where in a variety of incidents, not exceeding the bounds of *real life*, the *proper*, because *elegant* and *natural dignity* and *importance* of the *Female character* is exhibited in an interesting point of view, and presents examples of real and attainable excellence.

The publisher was so much pleased with the perusal, that he was persuaded he should do a pleasing service to the community by sending it in o circulation. August 24—mw4w

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Act laying Duties on Stamped Vellum Parchment and Paper.

A FEW copies of the above act may be had at the Office of the Gazette of the United States, No. 119, Chesnut-street. July 19.

The Partnership,

UNDER the firm of FREEMAN & Company, is dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having any demands against the said House are desired to render the same to T. B. Freeman; and those indebted to the House are desired to make payment to him—By whom business will in future be carried on, at his Store, No. 39, South Front-street.

August 7 eod4w

Richard and James Potter

HAVE removed their Counting House to No. 45, South Fifth-street.

August 2. w&f6t

Lancaster, Harrisburgh Carlisle, Shippensburg and Sunbury

STAGES.

THE public are requested to take notice, that the partnership which has for some time subsisted between Mathias Slough of Lancaster, and William Geer, is now dissolved: but, not as M. Slough insinuates to the public without just cause; as will more fully appear by a letter on the subject from M. Slough to W. Geer, dated the 29th December last. a recital of which is not now deemed necessary. Any gentleman who wishes to be more circumstantially informed of the merits of this business, by applying to W. Geer may have the perusal of M. Slough's letter, and then can be at full liberty to determine whether or not W. Geer is not perfectly justifiable in attaching himself to any other person in the prosecution of the Stage conveyance from Philadelphia to Shippensburg, or any other place.

Now from the liberal and generous support the public were pleased to confer on the first effort in this business, William Geer, in conjunction with Messrs. Reily, Weed and Witmer, is determined to prosecute and carry it on, with every care, attention and dispatch that a zeal to oblige the public can possibly exert.

The above company, who are amply provided with carriages, horses, and every appurtenance to render the passage safe and commodious, inform those who wish to patronize and encourage the undertaking, that they can take their seats at George Weed's, the sign of the White Horse, Market Street, Philadelphia, on every Monday and Friday, to proceed to Lancaster, Harrisburg, Carlisle and Shippensburg. The fare as hitherto established.

For the further accommodation of the public, a Stage will start every Wednesday from the house of Samuel Elder, in Harrisburg, arrive at Sunbury in Northumberland county, every Thursday, and return from thence and arrive at Harrisburg every Saturday, so that passengers destined for Lancaster or Philadelphia, may proceed on Mondays.

WILLIAM GEER.

Lancaster, Jan. 27, 1797.

N. B. This Line of Stages starts from the house of William Ferree, in Lancaster, on every Tuesday and Saturday morning at 6 o'clock, proceeding to the westward; and from the house of mr. Samuel Elder in Harrisburg every Wednesday morning, on the same evening arrives at Patrick Cochran's in Shippensburg, and returns from thence on every Thursday: performing the same routine daily as in its tour from Philadelphia. mwf

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THOMAS HERMAN LEUFFER,

North Fifth street, corner of North alley, No. 34,

HAS FOR SALE,

EXCELLENT red Bourdeaux Wine in cases and boxes, six years old
White Graves Wine in casks
Ticklenburgs
Russia Sail Cloths
Ravens Duck
Bag Linen
Hessians
Diaper and Table Cloth
Empty bags
Common German Cloth
An assortment of black coloured Ribbons
Fine German Laces
About twelve tons Russia clean Hemp
Clover Seed
Italian Soap, in small boxes, for family use
Window Glass

Aug. 29 —22w

Excellent Bourdeaux Brandy

Ditto ditto Claret in cases

Just received, and for Sale by

Rundle & Leech.

Aug. 21. 22awtf

Will be Landed,

From on board the ship Active, Capt. BLAIR, from Hamburgh,

20 bales white Russia clean Hemp
2 casks Clover Seed

For Sale by

Thomas Herman Leuffer,

North Fifth street, No. 34.

June 26. §

TO BE SOLD,

And immediate possession given,

A Convenient well finished Brick Tenement, with a cook house and other out houses, situated in a pleasant part of the borough of Wilmington, in the State of Delaware—The lot of ground has forty feet front on West-street, and extends through the square to Pasture-street, on which is erected a stable and carriage house.

ALLEN M'LANE.

Wilmington, Aug. 30.

Imported in the ship Pigou,

And for sale by John Morton, No. 116, South Front-street,

Hyson
Hyson Skin
Young Hyson
Imperial
} TEAS,

April 20. eotf

For sale or to be let on ground-rent,

A valuable Lot of Ground;

SITUATE on the north-east corner of Walnut and Fifth streets, fronting the State-House square. This lot is fifty-one feet front on Walnut street, and one hundred and thirteen feet and an half on Fifth street; there are at present two small two story brick houses, and a number of small tenements thereon.

Also, for Sale,

Two three story Brick Houses

With convenient stores, wharf, &c. situate on Water-street, between Mulberry and Sassafras streets, containing in front on Water street fifty-four feet, and continuing that breadth eastward ninety-five feet, then widening to the south thirteen feet six inches. These houses have the convenience of a public alley adjoining on the north side, and are a very desirable situation for a merchant, flour factor, or others who may have occasion for storage of goods. This property will be sold on very reasonable terms for cash. For further information apply to the printer.

July 31. m&wtf

TO BE SOLD,

And possession given immediately,

A LARGE two story brick House, handsomely situated in Princeton. There are four rooms and a large entry on each floor, and five rooms in the garret, a range of back buildings 51 feet in length, and a piazza of 57 feet. There is a pump in the yard, an excellent kitchen garden, at the farther end of which are a carriage house and two stables, one of which is new, 44 feet long, with stalls in the two stables for 27 horses. The healthiness and pleasantness of its situation, and the number of genteel and agreeable families in and near the town, render it a desirable retreat for a gentleman from the city. The commodiousness of the house, its central position, and the largeness of the stables, make it every way suitable for a tavern, for which it has always been considerd as a capital stand. Inquire on the premises, of

ISAAC SNOWDEN.

Princeton, Aug. 25. 29—d1w2awtf

City of Washington.

SCHEME

Of the Lottery, No. II,

For the Improvement of the Federal City.

A magnificent dwelling-house & cash 30,000, are		20,000	dollars, 50,000
1 ditto	15,000 & cash	25,000	40,000
1 ditto	15,000 & cash	15,000	30,000
1 ditto	10,000 & cash	10,000	20,000
1 ditto	5,000 & cash	5,000	10,000
1 ditto	5,000 & cash	5,000	10,000
1 cash prize of			10,000
2 do.	5,000 each, are		10,000
10 do.	1,000		10,000
20 do.	500		10,000
100 do.	100		10,000
200 do.	50		10,000
400 do.	25		10,000
1,000 do.	20		20,000
15,000 do.	10		150,000
16,739 Prizes.			
33,261 Blanks.			
50,000 Tickets, at Eight Dollars,			400,000

N. B. To favour those who may take a quantity of Tickets, the prize of 40,000 dollars will be the LAST drawn ticket, and the 30,000 the LAST but ONE:

And approved notes, securing payment in either money or prizes, in ten days after drawing, will be received for any number not less than 30 tickets.

This Lottery will afford an elegant specimen of the private buildings to be erected in the City of Washington—Two beautiful designs are already selected for the entire fronts on two of the public squares; from these drawings it is proposed to erect two centre and four corner buildings as soon as possible after this lottery is sold, and to convey them, when complete, to the fortunate adventurers, in the manner described in the scheme for the Hotel Lottery. A nett deduction of five per cent. will be made to defray the necessary expenses of printing, &c. and the surplus will be made a part of the fund intended for the National University, to be erected within the city of Washington.

The real securities given for the payment of the Prizes, are held by the President and two Directors of the Bank of Columbia, and are valued at more than half the amount of the lottery.

SAMUEL BLODGET.

☞ Tickets may be had at the Bank of Columbia; of James West & Co Baltimore; of Peter Gilman, Boston: of John Hopkins, Richmond: and of Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry.

mwf

This Day Published,

And to be sold by WILLIAM YOUNG, corner of Second and Chesnut streets,

Price 3-8ths of a Dollar,

Observations on certain Documents

Contained in No. V and VI of

"The History of the United States for the year 1796,"

In which the CHARGE OF SPECULATION against

ALEXANDER HAMILTON,

Late SECRETARY of the TREASURY, is FULLY REFUTED.

WRITTEN BY HIMSELF.

This publication presents a concise statement of the base means practised by the Jacobins of the United States to asperse the characters of those persons who are considered as hostile to their disorganizing schemes. It also contains the correspondence between Mr. Hamilton and Messrs. Monroe, Muhlenburgh and Venable, on the subject of the documents aforesaid, and a series of letters from James Reynolds and his wife to Mr. Hamilton, proving beyond the possibility of a doubt, that the connection between him and Reynolds, was the result of a daring conspiracy on the part of the latter and his associates to extort money.

☞ A discount of one third from the retail price will be made in favor of wholesale purchasers, for CASH. Orders to be addressed to Mr YOUNG.

August 25.

No. 188.

District of Pennsylvania, to wit:

(L. S.) BE IT REMEMBERED, that on the twenty sixth day of July, in the twenty second year of the independence of the United States of America, JOHN FENNO, of the said district, hath deposited in this office the title of a book, the right whereof he claims as proprietor, in the words following, to wit:—

"Observations on certain documents contained "in No. V. and VI. of "The History of the United "States for the year 1796," in which the charge "of speculation, against Alexander Hamilton, late "Secretary of the Treasury, is fully refuted—"Written by himself."

In conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States, entituled, "An act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts and books to the authors and proprietors of such copies, during the times therein mentioned."

SAMUEL CALDWELL,

Clerk of the District of Pennsylvania.

July 27. w4w

An elegant House in Arch Street.

TO be let and entered on immediately a large and elegant house at the Corner of Arch and Ninth Street. There are two drawing rooms and one dining room—the largest is 31 feet by 26—and two are so connected by folding doors as to make but one. Also, five bed rooms, besides 5 in the garret, well finished for servants. There are stables and a coach house, with every convenience for a family. Enquire at No. 29, in North Seventh street, or at No. 218, Arch Street.

Aug. 15. 22aw3w.

William Blackburn,

LOTTERY AND BROKER'S OFFICE

No. 64 south Second-street.

TICKETS in the Canal Lottery, No. II, which commenced drawing the 29th May, FOR SALE. The price of tickets will rise in proportion as the drawing advances, particularly on account of the five first drawn tickets, prizes of four thousand dollars each, on the last day of drawing.

Check Books kept for examination and registering, in the Canal, No. 2, City of Washington, No. 2, and Paterson Lotteries.

Also, tickets for sale in the Schuylkill bridge and Perkiomen Bridge lotteries, which will begin drawing in the course of the summer.

The business of a Broker in all kinds of Stock, Bills, Notes, Lands, &c. &c. transacted with the utmost attention.

June 2 tu&f

Erskine's View of the War.

JUST PUBLISHED,

By ROBERT CAMPBELL & Co.

No. 40 South Second street,

[Price 31 Cents]

A View of the Causes and Consequences of the present War with France.

By the Honorable THOMAS ERSKINE.

May 15 §

STATE TRIALS.

Sold by W. YOUNG, Bookseller, No. 52, South Second-street,

The Pennsylvania State Trials,

CONtaining the impeachment, trial, and acquittal of Francis Hopkinson, Judge of the Court of Admiralty, and John Nicholson, Comptroller General—In one large 8 vo. vol. Price, in boards, 3 dollars.

W. YOUNG has for sale, a general assortment of Books. Also, Stationary, retail and by the package, well assorted, and entitled to the drawback if exported. July 7—*

For Sale,

That well known place, called VANDEGRIFT'S FERRY,

ON Neshaminy creek, 18 miles from Philadelphia, on the New York post road, containing 74 acres and 94 perches. Upon the premises are a large two story stone house occupied as a tvern, and a good one story stone kitchen, a large frame stable with a good threshing floor, and some out buildings—also a well of good water, and an excellent ice House. On this place is a most elegant situation for a gentleman's seat, commanding a view of the Neshaminy to its junction with the Delaware, and thence across to the Jersey shore. It has the privilege of one half the toll received from the bridge.

For terms apply to the Subscriber,

MORDECAI LEWIS.

May 24. 3tawtf.

COLUMBIA HOUSE

Boarding School for young Ladies.

MRS. GROOMBRIDGE with much pleasure and respect, returns her sincere acknowledgement for the liberal encouragement she has received during four years residence in Philadelphia; and assures her friends and the public, so far from intending to decline her school, she has made a superior arrangement for the more convenient accommodation of her scholars.—Every branch of useful and polite education is particularly attended to by Mrs. Groombridge and masters excelling in their respective professions.

Corner of Spruce and Eleventh Streets.

June 5th, 1797. §1mstf

The situation is perfectly healthy; and made more agreeable by an extensive garden and lot of ground adjoining the house.

Just Published,

And to be had of Messrs. Dobson, Campbell, Rice, Cary, and the other pricipal Booksellers in the city, price one dollar, twenty-five cents, in boards,

New Views of the Origin of the Tribes and Nations of America.

By BENJAMIN SMITH BARTON, M. D.

June 20. 6t

Philadelphia, Oct. 13.

THE subscribers inform their friends and customers in town and country, that their stores are now open in the city, and others are daily opening, and that from the present appearance of the prevailing disorder have reason to hope, their friends may shortly come to the city with perfect safety. By several late arrivals, numbers have received fresh supplies of GOODS.

Robert Smith & Co.	*P. W. Gallaudet & Co.*
John Davis & Co.	*Sitgreaves & French,*
Neill & Smith,	*George Dobson,*
Wiltberger and Smith,	*Thomas Ryerson,*
Alex Busland and Co.	*T. R. Hardenberg.*
Jacob Sperry and Co.	*John Smith and Co.*
Owen & Jona. Jones,	*Thomas Orr,*
Keppele & Zantzinger,	*William Barker & Co.*
Adam Zantzinger,	*Thomas Armat & Son.*
John Fries,	*J. Miller, jun. and Co.*
Benjamin & J. Johnson.	

Oct. 14

POYNTELL's

Paper Hangings Manufactory,

No. 70, Chesnut-street,

Where he has for Sale,

A VERY extensive stock, of every colour, and of the most approved patterns, suitable for every part of a house, with great variety of borders to suit.

—ALSO—

A handsome assortment of the most fashionable Silver Grounds London and Paris Papers, and very best plain Green and plain Blue,

With Pannel Papers and a rich variety of Borders.

November 1. eo6t

Young Hyson Tea.

40 chests of a superior quality—Also, 100 do. of Hyson,

Imported in the *Woodrop Sims*, and for sale by the subscriber, corner of Second and Pine street.

C. Haight.

november 6. eotf

Imported in the ship MANCHESTER,

BENJAMIN SHEWELL, Master,

From Bourdeaux, and for sale by the subscriber, No. 11 Walnut Street.

Bourdeaux Brandy
Irish market claret in cases
Medoc wine, in do.
Sauterne, do. do.
} Entitled to Drawback.

Thomas Murgatroyd.

WHO HAS FOR SALE.

Sherry Wine in pipes and quarter casks
Rota do. do.
Pimento in bags
4000 bushels Liverpool salt.

Aug. 24. tut&stf.

To be Sold at Public Vendue,

(If not before disposed of at private sale)

ON Friday, the first of December next, at six o'clock in the evening, at the Merchants' Coffee House, in Philadelphia, Forty Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty Nine acres of LAND, now or late in the County of Washington, and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and on the waters of Fresh and Wheeling Creeks and Ten Mile Run.—These Lands are fertile and well timbered, and were patented early in 1787, except 3700 acres or thereabouts, which were patented in 1792. One fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, for the residue a credit of one, two and three months, will be given, on interest and good security.

October 6. 3awtS

To be Sold at Public Vendue,

(If not before disposed of at private sale)

ON Friday, the first day of December, at six o'clock in the evening, at the Merchants' Coffee House, in Philadelphia, Twenty Six Thousand Seven Hundred and Eighty acres of LAND, in the State of New-York, between the northern bounds of Pennsylvania and the Susquehanna, now, or late, in the townships of Hamden and Warren, and county of Montgomery. One fourth of the purchase money is to be paid at the time of sale; for the residue a credit of one, two, and three months will be given, on interest and good security.

October 6. 3awtS

PEALE'S MUSEUM.

THIS valuable repository of the works of Nature, so well calculated to delight the mind and enlarge the understanding, is opened daily, as usual. It stands in an airy and healthy situation, and free from the epidemic that at present afflicts the city; it may, therefore, be frequented with the greatest safety.

As an Amusement, the study of Nature is the most rational and pleasing: as a Science, the most sublime and instructive. It elevates the mind and expands the heart. They

"*Whom Nature's works can charm, with God himself*
"*Hold converse.*"

Many interesting additions have lately been made to this Museum: and the feathered tribe, containing a variety of the most rare and beautiful subjects, is now very advantageously arranged, Waxen Figures, of Men large as life (some of them casts from nature) are here dressed in their proper habits, and placed in attitudes characteristic of their respective nations. Here may be seen the North-American Savage, and the Savage of South-America—a laboring Chinese, and the Chinese Gentleman—the sooty African, and the Kamtschadale—with some Natives of the South Sea Islands. The immense variety and interesting diversity which this Museum offers to the view, may be seen but cannot be described with full effect.

☞ Price only 1-4th of a dollar.

Sept. 28. 1aw

Davis's Law Book Store,

No. 319, High-Street.

GEORGE DAVIS,

BEING busied for some time past in preparations for removing into his present house, has been under the necessity of postponing until this day informing the gentlemen of the Bar generally thro' the United States, that his spring importation of law books is now arranged and ready for sale, on terms that he trusts will entitle him to the like preference he has experienced for several years past.

Catalogues, combining the most varied collection ever imported into this country, are printed and will be delivered on application.

June 27. 2aw

Boston Glass Manufactory.

THE citizens of the United States are hereby informed, that the manufacture of Window Glass is now commenced at the Glass House in Boston.

It is needless to say any thing of the excellent quality of the Boston Glass, as it is so well known throughout the United States, to be in every respect greatly superior to any ever imported from Europe.

It will be cut to any size commonly used; and may be constantly had by applying to CHARLES F. RUPPER, at the Glass House.

Orders from the distant States to be addressed to Mr. SAMUEL GORE, Court-street, Boston.

Boston, Sept 30, 1797 O 4—mawfw

Messrs. Timothy and Mason, Charleston; Messrs. Hodge and Bevan, Halifax, N. C. Messrs. Willett and O'Connor, Norfolk; Mr. Ellis Price, Alexandria; Messrs. Yundt and Brown, Baltimore; Mr. Hopkins, New-York; and Messrs. Hudson & Goodwin, Hartford; Mr. Seymour, Savannah; are requested to insert the above once a week 6 weeks. The accounts to be forwarded to the Editor.